



Senate Committee Action

Veterans' Affairs

Service Member Employment & Reemployment (SB 3547): Creates the Service-Member Employment and Reemployment Rights Act (ISERRA), and contains provisions concerning matters relevant to the employment rights of service-members. As well as, includes employment protections, additional benefits for public employee members of a reserve component, prohibitions on discrimination, a notice of rights and duties, violations, enforcement, remedies, and rulemaking.

Public Health

Nursing Homes for Disaster Relief (SB 2232): Permits the governor to suspend managed care contracts if strict compliance with the contract would in any way prevent, hinder or delay necessary action during a "disaster."

Medicaid Cap on RX Drugs for Care-Facility Residents (SB 2827): Lifts the utilization control for prescription drugs covered by Medicaid for residents of:

- nursing homes
- community integrated living arrangements
- supportive living facilities

Suicide-Prevention Training (SB 2945): Requires police officers and fire fighters to participate in a two-day, in-service stress-management and suicide-prevention training program every two years. Also, provides for the establishment of employee counseling programs for first responders.

Blood Lead Levels (SB 2996): Mandates that the Department of Public Health submit new rules to JCAR that will ensure that:

- ensure that state rules governing elevated blood lead levels are in accordance with the CDC's reference level for childhood blood lead levels
- update state environmental inspection requirements for lead hazards
- update "any other existing rules that will assist the Department in its efforts to prevent, reduce, or mitigate the negative impact of instance of lead poisoning among children"

Bone Marrow Registry Information (SB 3062): Physicians may ask new patients who are between 18 and 45 years of age whether they are registered with a bone-marrow registry. If the patient is not registered with a bone-marrow registry, the physician must provide the patient with information about joining a registry.

Expands Nursing Home Residents' Managed Care Rights (SB 3290): This includes all types of Medicaid managed care--such as the Integrated Care Program, the Health Choices Program, and any Medicaid managed care program established by the state. Furthermore, requires HFS to ensure provider contracts are in compliance with 1) Federal and State Law and the State's master contract and 2) in to intervene if they are not. As well as, prohibits HFS from using a third-party authority to ensure contracts are compliant, and stops MCO's from subcontracting services and care for nursing-home-residents.

Education

Hunger-Free Students Bill of Rights (SB 2428):

Mandates that any Illinois' schools who participates in the USDA child nutrition program must provide a federally reimbursable meal or snack to any student who requests it regardless of the student's ability to pay or if the student owes money for earlier lunches.

School Code Dual Credit Online (SB 2527):

Blocks schools boards from limiting the number of dual credit courses or credits students can enroll in as long as the courses meet certain requirements.

School Psychologist Definition (SB 2542):

Requires school psychologists to have Certified School Psychologist credential.

Personnel Code Partial Exemption (SB 2850):

Removes sunset date for personnel code exemptions for ISD and ISVI.

Teacher Salary (SB 2892): Raises minimum salary for teachers to \$40,000 per year.

HS Grad Requirement Program (SB 2941):

Expands the competency-based, high school graduation requirements pilot program to schools serving all grades (as opposed to just grades 9-12).

Career Ready Assessment (SB 2998):

Allows schools to use nationally recognized local college and career readiness assessments. Provides benchmarks by which a locally selected college and career ready assessment must be approved by ISBE.

Principal Evaluation (SB 3183): Provides new parameters for when a Local School Council may not-renew a CPS principal's contract.

Dual Credit Initiative (SB 3190): Requires public universities or community colleges to grant dual credit to a student who completes a

course under the Illinois Articulation Initiative General Education Core Curriculum package and creates a limit of 60 hours under the provision.

Alternative Teacher License (SB 3220): Amends the Educator Licensure Article of the School Code to create an appeals process for universities that have been denied a recommendation for recognition by the State Educator Preparation and Licensure Board for an educator prep program.

Apprentice Program (SB 3226): Creates new industry-based apprenticeship program for students 16 and older.

LGBT Instruction (SB 3249): Mandates LGBT history instruction, curriculum, and non-discriminatory and accurate textbooks.

Continuing Truancy (SB 3466): Attempts to deal with issues surrounding fines assessed to chronic truants and supports provided by school districts. In addition to, prohibits a school district from referring a truant, chronic truant, or truant minor to any other local public entity for the purpose of issuing a fine or a fee.

Self-Administration Pancreatic Enzyme Therapy (SB 3507):

Requires all schools (non-public included) to allow self-administration of pancreatic enzyme replacement therapy if written authorization is provided by the parent and the child's healthcare provider. Also, requires all schools to adopt an emergency care plan that may be part of a student's individualized health care plan, and requires all schools to develop an individualized health care plan for students who are authorized to self-administer pancreatic enzyme therapy.

Special Ed Staffing (SB 3514): Allows Chicago Public Schools to dictate staffing needs at their schools, and requires that the principal of a school and all personnel who are regular members of an individualized education program (IEP) team will

determine the special education staffing needs of the school.

Pre-K Chronic Absence (SB 3536): Requires any preschool that receives funding via the Preschool for all programs to collect and review its chronic absence data. Also, determine what systems of support and resources are needed to engage chronically absent students and their families to encourage the habit of daily attendance and promote success.

Higher Education

Education Loan Information Pilot Program (SB 2559): Creates the Education Loan information Pilot Program. Each public institution of higher education that receives student loan information for a student enrolled at that institution shall provide to that student or their parent/guardian with estimates of the total amount of education loans taken out by the student or parent/guardian, the potential total payoff amount of the incurred loans, the monthly repayment amounts a similarly situated borrower may incur for the amount of loans the student or parent/guardian has taken out at the time the information is provided. Also, they shall provide the percentage of the borrowing limit the student or parent/guardian has reached at the time the information is provided and any financial resources available to the student or the parent/guardian

Severance Pay at Public Universities (SB 2845): Establishes that severance under employment contracts for presidents and chancellors at public universities and community colleges may not exceed one year salary and applicable benefits. Severance under a contract entered into, amended, renewed, or extended on after this Act becomes effective and may not exceed 6 months of salary and applicable benefits.

Public Community College Act Cleanup (SB 2905): Makes various changes to the Public Community College Act in reference to outdated language. Also, repeals statutory language which no longer applies, fixes statutory references and makes technical changes to reflect current practices.

Veterans and Military Personnel Student Services Reporting Requirement (SB 2927): Each college and university that is required to have a Coordinator of Veterans and Military Personnel Student Services will include information on the efforts of the public college or university in attracting, recruiting, and retaining veterans and military personnel at the institution when reporting to the Board of Higher Education.

Grow Your Own STEM and Vocational Education Teachers Act (SB 3047): Creates the Illinois Grow Your Own STEM and Vocational Education Teachers Act. The State of Illinois will waive tuition, fees and living expenses for students who pursue a degree in STEM subjects, agree to attend an Illinois college or university, and agree to teach at least 3 years at an Illinois secondary or community college.

Public University Surplus Real Estate (SB 3288): The Board of Trustees for any public university may sell or lease any real estate deemed by that Board to be surplus real estate, with proceeds from the sale or lease to be used for deferred maintenance and emergency repair of university property.

Licensing of Intellectual Property (SB 3568): The University of Illinois may form limited liability companies to own any current or future intellectual property attributable to the University pursuant to the Limited Liability Company Act. The University must maintain a majority ownership of any LLC they form.

Human Services

Unfounded Reports of Suspected Child Abuse or Neglect (SB 293): Requires DCFS to keep all unfounded reports of suspected child abuse or neglect in its central register for a minimum of 5 years.

Community Care Program Medicaid Enrollment Oversight Task Force (SB 1628): Creates the Community Care Program Medicaid Enrollment Oversight Task Force to make recommendations on how best to increase the number of Illinois residents who are enrolled in CCP and receive services not paid for under Medicaid although they may be eligible for benefits. The task force shall meet quarterly.

Diversion From Institutionalization Homes Program (SB 2424): Requires DHS to create the Diversion From Institutionalization Homes Program consisting of at least 6 homes in various locations.

The Diversion from Institutionalization Home Model shall:

- Serve individuals with intellectual disabilities or developmental disabilities (ID/DD) who are at risk of institutionalization due to significant behavioral challenges, some with a dual diagnosis of mental illness for a period ranging from 1-2 years or longer;
- Be regulated in accordance with CILA guidelines;
- Support no more than 4 residents per home
- offer community residential options for those capable of participating;
- Require participating program providers and DHS participation in an ongoing collaborative where best practice and treatment experience would be shared;

- Require home locations to be proposed by the provider in collaboration with community stakeholders;
- Requires staffing and financial resources to be adequate to meet the needs of the individuals served;
- Consist of a staffing model that allows for a high level of community integration and family involvement;
- Incorporate appropriate day services, staff training, priorities and home modifications.

Also, adds a new article to the Developmental Disability and Mental Disability Services Act entitled "Diversion From Institutionalization Homes Program". Requires DHS to create the Diversion From Institutionalization Homes Program consisting of at least 6 homes in various locations.

Expands Medicaid Dental Coverage to Preventative Services (SB 2429): Expands Medicaid dental coverage for adults to include preventative services. Dental services must include diagnostic, preventative, corrective, periodontal disease treatment and carries disease treatment. Currently, adults only receive restorative services.

Ongoing Rate Increase for Foster Parents and Child Welfare Agencies (SB 2547): For FY19, requires DCFS to increase rates paid to foster parents and to private agencies with a purchase of service contract. The increase must equal the sum of all increases in general inflation during FY09-FY18. Contractual and grant services eligible for an increase include the following:

- Residential services (child care institutions, group home care, independent living services, or transitional living services).
- Specialized, adolescent, treatment or other non-traditional, or home-of-relative foster care.
- Intact family services.

- Teen parenting services.
- Other supportive service grants or contracts.

Requires DCFS to implement the new rate reimbursement methodology on an ongoing basis for every year beginning in FY20.

Community-Based Youth Services (SB 2552): Amends the Children and Family Services Act. For the establishment of MCO capitated rate payments, requires HFS to implement a base rate setting process which must include specific elements of transparency including participation and unlimited meetings with MCO's as well as data sharing and an arbitration process in the event of a dispute. Additionally, establishes criteria and requirements for HFS in providing advance notice to MCO's and the opportunity to meet to discuss drafts for the development of new rates, the development of rates reflecting policy changes and the development of rates for retroactive policy or rate changes.

Task Force on Strengthening the Child Welfare Workforce for Children and Families (SB 2628): Creates a 17 member legislative Task Force on Strengthening the Child Welfare Workforce for Children and Families to study the compensation and workload of child welfare workers to determine the role that compensation and workload play in the recruitment and retention of child welfare workers, and to determine the role that staff turnover plays in achieving safety and timely permanency for children.

Task Force on State Contracting with Private Nonprofit Human Service Providers (SB 2662): Creates a legislative Task Force on State Contracting with Private Nonprofit Human Service Providers to study State contracting with private nonprofit human service providers and the challenges faced by those providers. Additionally, to develop recommendations on how to improve the contracting relationship and partnership

between state departments and private nonprofit human service providers so they work effectively and efficiently.

DHS Oversight of TEP (SB 2765): Moves oversight of the federally-mandated Tobacco Enforcement Program (TEP) from the Liquor Control Commission (LCC) to DHS. Moves federal fund deposits used to administer the program from a LCC-controlled fund to one at DHS. Authorizes DHS to contract with the US FDA to conduct unannounced investigations of Illinois tobacco vendors to determine compliance with federal laws relating to illegal sales of cigarettes and smokeless tobacco products to underage persons.

Substance Use Disorder Act (SB 2834): Amends the Alcoholism and Other Drug Abuse and Dependency Act. Changes the short title of the act to the Substance Use Disorder Act. Rewrites and updates the Alcohol and Other Drug Dependency Act.

Early Mental Health Act (SB 2951): Creates the Early Mental Health and Addictions Treatment Act and requires the Department of Healthcare and Family Services (HFS) to create two pilot programs for Medicaid beneficiaries. The first pilot program provides community-based services for treatment of mental health conditions in youth and young adults. The second pilot program is the Assertive Engagement and Community-Based Clinical Treatment Pilot Program to treat youth and young adults with substance use disorders.

Community-Law Enforcement Partnership for Deflection and Addiction Treatment Act (SB 3023): Creates the Community-Law Enforcement Partnership for Deflection and Addiction Treatment Act. Allows law enforcement agency to create programs to connect substance abusers with licensed substance abuse treatment providers for assessment and treatment. Requires Illinois Criminal Justice

Information Authority, in conjunction with a Police Chief's Association and Department of Human Services develop data to measure the performance of the program.

Purchase of Refurbished Medical Equipment by Medicaid Recipients (SB 3048): For purposes of promoting environmental responsibility, meeting the needs of the recipient, and achieving cost savings, authorizes HFS and MCO's to use refurbished durable medical equipment except for prosthetic and orthotic devices as long as they are available and are compliant with the following:

- Less expensive than the same new equipment including shipping;
- Able to withstand 3 years of use;
- Are cleaned, disinfected, sterilized and safe in accordance with FDA regulations that govern the reprocessing of medical devices in a health care setting.

Expansion of Medicaid Reimbursement for Telehealth Services (SB 3049): Requires HFS to reimburse clinical psychologists, clinical social workers, advanced practice registered nurses certified in psychiatric and mental health nursing, and mental health professionals and clinicians authorized to provide behavioral health services via telehealth. Currently, reimbursement is only provided to psychiatrists and FQHC's for telepsychiatry.

Rate Increase for Front Line personnel for Programs Serving Children With Disabilities (SB 3076): Requires DHS to establish rates for therapeutic schools and other programs serving children with disabilities as they establish rates that build toward livable wages for front line personnel in programs serving persons with disabilities. "Front line personnel" means direct support persons, aides, front line supervisors, qualified intellectual disabilities professionals, educators, nurses, and non-administrative

support staff working in service settings.

Medicaid Asset Disregard for Life Insurance Policies and Pre-paid Funeral Contracts (SB 3077): For Medicaid asset determination, requires HFS to disregard the cash value of a life insurance policy or a pre-paid funeral contract or the equity value of any other asset intended to be used for funeral/burial expenses.

Law Enforcement Assistance for Child Protection Investigators (SB 3105): Requires law enforcement officers, upon request, to accompany a child protection investigators in an effort to assist in an investigation of alleged child abuse or neglect.

Family Preservation Services for Families of Indicated Reports of Abuse/Neglect (SB 3112): In cases where a suspected child abuse report is found "indicated", mandates acceptance of family preservation services offered to custodial families. Services will not be voluntary if it is identified by DCFS the family needs the services to ensure the safety of the children and keep them free from abuse and neglect.

TANF Benefits Increase to 50% of the FPL (SB 3115): Requires TANF benefit levels to increase as follows: to 30% of the FPL on October 1, 2018; to 40% of the FPL by October 1, 2019; and to 50% of the FPL by October 1, 2020. Requires benefit levels to be annually adjusted every October 1 thereafter to remain equal to 50% of the FPL. Requires TANF grants for child-only assistance units to be at least 75% of the TANF grants for assistance units of the same size that consist of a caretaker relative with children. Prohibits TANF grant amounts from varying based on the recipient's county of residence.

OIG/CILA Reform Bill (SB 3179): CILA reform legislation that contains numerous provisions intended to improve the OIG and CILA processes currently in place in Illinois. Makes changes to the Department of Human Services Act.

Appeals Process for a CILA

Provider/Employee/Family (SB 3237): In provisions concerning investigative reports and findings issued by DHS OIG concerning abuse allegations involving Department employees and clients, removes a requirement that a CILA or employee must provide additional information in order to request reconsideration of a finding and requires a different investigator to conduct the reconsideration request.

Bed Hold Payments for SMHRF's (SB 3239): Requires Medicaid fee-for-service (FFS) and managed care organizations (MCOs) to reimburse Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Facilities (SMHRFs) for "bed holds" at level or reduced rates depending on the length and frequency the patient is away from the SMHRF. Payments are set at the following rates and may not exceed 30 days: 100% of the facility's rate for the first 5 days; and 75% of the facility's rate after 5 days.

Wage Increase for Front Line Personnel (SB 3508):

With respect to ICFDD's, MC/DD's, CILA's, community day services, residential and other State funded day programs, requires DHS to increase rates so that:

- By July 1, 2018, direct support persons (DSP's) earn a base wage of at least \$13.50/hour;
- By July 1, 2020, DSP's earn a base wage of at least \$15/hour.

CCP Homemaker Rate Increase (SB 3511):

Amends the Illinois Act on the Aging and increases hourly rates to Community Care Program (CCP) providers as follows:

- \$19.89 on July 1, 2018,
- \$21.49 on July 1, 2019,
- \$23.09 on July 1, 2020 and
- \$24.69 on July 1, 2021.

These rate increases are for the purpose of increasing employee wages by \$1 during each increase. Under SB 3511, fringe benefits

cannot be reduced in relation to rate increases.

Transportation

ISP Diesel Powered Vehicle (SB 1008): Amends the Illinois Vehicle Code and removes the Illinois State Police from a diesel powered vehicle emission inspection report requirement.

Desert Storm License Plate (SB 2225): Creates Operation Desert Shield/Storm license plates to be available to any IL resident who has earned the Southwest Asia Service Medal from the US Armed Forces.

Highway Striping (SB 2267): Allows a highway authority, upon determining that centerline or edge line striping of a highway where striping did not previously exist is necessary, with the approval of IDOT to utilize Highway Safety Improvement Program funds to conduct the striping.

School Bus Safety (SB 2482): Allows all buses that meet requirements for school buses may be used to transport children under the age of 18. This would allow the stop sign and crossing arm to be used. Currently only licensed youth camps and licensed child care facilities may use the safety features.

Charitable Dealer Plates (SB 2518): Provides that any charitable non-for-profit organization engaged in the maintenance and repair of motor vehicles may make application to the Secretary of State for special dealer plates. SOS shall issue a maximum of 8 sets of plates at a fee set for charitable vehicles (\$10 for 2 years) to qualified organizations.

Truck Inspection (SB 2558): Allows civilian employees of ISP to write tickets pertaining to excess size and weight permits and adds language that required a permit issuing suspension of 180 days if a permit violation is a cause in an accident to state that it is at IDOT's discretion to suspend permit issuing.

Motor Fuel Tax (SB 2610): Amends the Motor Fuel Tax Law. Requires any local government that received more than \$1,000,000 in motor fuel tax moneys shall not receive any future motor fuel tax money unless they implement a business enterprise program setting goals for the inclusion of minority, veteran, and female owned businesses in the procurement of contracts. Requires IDOT to assist local governments in implementing these programs.

Local Government Permit Fees (SB 2918): Provides that except for a municipality with 1,000,000 or more inhabitants, a unit of local government may not impose a fee for a permit in excess of the fees provided for in specified provisions of the Illinois Vehicle Code.
Sandoval

Asphalt Mix Designs (SB 3001): Requires IDOT to allow the use of asphalt rejuvenating agents and binder performance grade modifiers in mix designs used for the construction and maintenance of State highways. Requires all asphalt roofing shingles used in IDOT projects shall be from EPA approved facilities.

IDOT Finance and Funds (SB 3027): Amends the State Finance Act, General Obligation Bond Act, Downstate Public Transportation Act, Motor Fuel Tax Law and the Regional Transportation Authority Act.

IDOT Registration (SB 3028): Amends the Illinois Vehicle Code and repeals the Section that allows applicants for special permits to apply to the Department of Transportation for a registration number and classification identification label for the purpose of identifying and classifying vehicles or combinations of vehicles that may be operated or moved by special permit.

IDOT Exemption (SB 3029): Permits contracts for IDOT projects to be exempt from the Public Contract Fraud Act when they do not hold the

title to the land in which the work is being completed.

IDOT Leasing of Locomotives (SB 3107): Allows IDOT to enter into agreements with any state, state agency, or units of local government (currently any neighboring state) for the purpose of leasing any locomotive, passenger rail cars, and other rolling stock equipment or accessories. Funds gained would be placed in an escrow account for future rail costs.

Design-Build Procurement Act Sunset Extension (SB 3128): Amends the Design-Build Procurement Act. Extends the sunset date of the section allowing the Capitol Development Board to use the Design Build method for projects from January 1, 2019 to January 1, 2021.

2 Year Restricted Permit (SB 3148): Amends the Vehicle Code. States that a restricted driving permit may be issued for 2 years rather than 1 year.

Criminal Law

Aggravated Assault/Battery (SB 2467): Provides that a person commits aggravated assault or aggravated battery when he or she commits an assault or a battery against a service member or veteran. Provides that an aggravated assault committed against a service member or veteran is a Class A misdemeanor. Provides that an aggravated battery committed against a service member or veteran is a Class 3 felony.

Jailhouse Informant Testimony (SB 2479): Requires the prosecution to disclose attempts to introduce evidence of incriminating statements made by the accused to, or overheard by, an informant in a prosecution for certain serious offenses (homicides, sex offenses, aggravated arson).

Human Trafficking (SB 2526): Makes the offenses of involuntary servitude or trafficking in persons if the victim is under 18 or involuntary sexual servitude of a minor a sex offense require registration as a sex offender if the person gets convicted on or after the effective date of the bill.

Electronic Monitoring Violations (SB 2599):

Provides that mandatory consecutive sentencing does not apply to a violation of electronic home monitoring and makes it a violation upon the third or subsequent conviction.

Early Parole (SB 3228): Creates a mid-sentence parole consideration system with the Prisoner Review Board for inmates who were 20 or under at the time of the commission of the offense and were given lengthy sentences.

Prohibits Appointment of Auxiliary State Policemen (SB 3263): The Uniform Peace Officers' Disciplinary Act is amended so the State Police rather than the Law Enforcement Training Standards Board will provide administrative support to the Commission on Police Professionalism. The amendment also extends the sunset date on this provision from December 31, 2018, until July 1, 2019.

Plea Consequences (SB 3276): Improves judicial compliance with the current law that requires judicial notification of the immigration consequences of guilty pleas by allowing a defendant to file a motion to withdraw the guilty plea and enter a plea of not guilty. The motion has to be filed within two years of the date of the defendant's conviction.

Preventing Sexual Violence in Higher Education (SB 3404): The Preventing Sexual Violence in Education Act is amended as follows:

- Higher education institutions policies must include an amnesty provision that provides immunity for any student who reports an alleged violation of the higher education institution's comprehensive policy to include possession or use of a controlled substance.

- Requires that every hospital providing emergency and forensic services to sexual assault survivors provide after a medical evidentiary or physical examination, access to a shower at no cost, unless showering facilities are unavailable.
- Provides criminal amnesty for alcohol and drug offense for someone reporting the commission of a sexual assault if certain prerequisites are met.
- Consenting to an Illinois State Police Sexual Assault Evidence Collection Kit under the Sexual Assault Survivors Emergency Treatment Act is considered reporting to law enforcement authorities as it pertains to the extended statute of limitations.

Furthermore, clarifies that if the victim consented to the collection of evidence using an Illinois State Police Sexual Assault Evidence Collection Kit under the Sexual Assault Survivors Emergency Treatment Act, it shall constitute reporting for purposes of the provision.

Racial Profile Study (SB 3415): Makes the traffic and pedestrian stop statistical study (racial profiling study) which has been extended numerous times permanent by deleting the July 1, 2019 sunset date. As well as, provides for electronic submission of findings by IDOT.

Removal from Criminal Registry (SB 3489): Allows any persons who is required to register for either 10 years or natural life to file a petition seeking a hearing for early removal from the Murderer and Violent Offender Against Youth Registry.

Custodial Sexual Misconduct to Cover Law Enforcement (SB 3500): Expands the custodial sexual misconduct offense to include law enforcement officers engaging in sexual conduct or sexual penetration with someone detained or in the custody of law enforcement.

Judiciary

Immigration Safe Zones Act (SB 35): Prohibits law enforcement from assisting federal immigration enforcement operations in or around schools, medical facilities, libraries, driver's license facilities, or courts.

Protected College Savings Pool and ABL (SB 1246): This bill adds money held in the Illinois College Savings Pool and money invested in 529 ABL accounts to the list of personal property that is exempt from judgment, attachment or distress from rent.

Updating Maintenance in Response to New Tax Code (SB 2289): Amends the Illinois Marriage and Dissolution of Marriage Act so that judges may deviate from the maintenance and child support guidelines if the total maintenance and child support obligation exceeds 50% of the obligor's net income. Creates a new maintenance formula based on the new Tax Cuts and Jobs Act. In addition, creates new definitions for indefinite maintenance, fixed-term maintenance, and reviewable maintenance. Includes that maintenance will be treated as a taxable income for federal income tax purposes and will be included in payee's gross income for purposes of calculating the parent's child support obligation.

Condo Notice of Lien (SB 2485): Amends the Condominium Property Act and requires that a board of managers will not record or foreclose on a lien until after it provides the unit owners with written notice and an opportunity to be heard.

Starter Interrupt Devices (SB 2521): Amends the Consumer Fraud and Deceptive Business Practices Act to place restrictions on the use of tracking or starter interrupt devices in vehicles associated with a credit sale, loan or lease by a dealer or creditor.

Unit Owner Attorney Fees (SB 2556): Amends the Condominium Property Act. Defines the cases in which a unit owner of the condo may

collect attorney fees and costs if they are the prevailing party with any litigation or arbitration brought by a unit owner against the Association or its board of managers.

Criminal Record Information (SB 2560): Requires indictment, information, or complaint before arrest records and criminal history can be released. It also prohibits "mugshots" from being made available on a law enforcement agency's website unless publishing the photograph would assist in addressing the imminent threat to public safety. Requires websites to correct any errors in the individual's criminal history within 5 business days of notification of any error and allows petitioner is to seek damages in the amount of \$100 per day that the publisher fails to correct the criminal record information, plus attorney's fees.

Juvenile Expungement (SB 2579): Requires the Administrative Office of the Illinois Courts to study the fiscal impact of the implementation of Public Act 100-285, which deals with the expungement and confidentiality processes for delinquent minors by probation departments. Also states that the Illinois Criminal Justice Information Authority must submit a report to the General Assembly within 12 months.

Illinois Civil and Criminal Court Fee Assessments (SB 2590): implements recommendations of the Statutory Court Fee Task Force. Caps the maximum amount of money that can be assessed for criminal, traffic, conservation, and ordinance offenses and the amount of costs for various services or filings within the court process. Also, allows defendants to request a full or partial waiver of criminal fees and fines based on their inability to pay.

Mechanics Lien Act (SB 2621): A sub-contractor or those furnishing labor may file a lien within 90 days after completion of all work or after extra work or materials have been given to the contractor, as opposed to after the completion of their work.

Firearm Control Card requirements for Retired Police Officers (SB 2642): Eliminates the need for retired police officers to have a Firearm Control Card in addition to having their Permanent Employee Registration Card to carry a concealed weapon as private security if in compliance with the federal Law Enforcement Officers Safety Act of 2004.

Immigrant Tenant Protection Act (SB 3103): Creates the Immigrant Tenant Protection Act. A landlord is not allowed to: 1) Require that any tenant make any statement, representation, or certification concerning their citizenship status. 2) Threaten to disclose information regarding or relating to the immigration or citizenship status of a tenant, occupant, or other associated with the tenant. 3) Cause a tenant to occupant to quit involuntarily or bring action to recover possession of a dwelling unit due to citizenship status. 4) Disclose to any person or entity information regarding or relating to the immigration or status of a tenant, occupant, or other associated with the tenant when that tenant exercises their rights to recover possession of a dwelling unit. 5) Disclose to any immigration authority, law enforcement agency, or local, State, or federal agency information regarding or relating to the immigration or citizenship status of any tenant, occupant, or other associated with the tenant with the intent of harassing or intimidating the tenant.

Trafficking Victims Protection Act (SB 3108): Renames the Predator Accountability Act to the Trafficking Victims Protection Act. Expands the Act to cover victims of involuntary servitude or labor trafficking and allows more people to bring a civil action against traffickers on behalf of a victim.

Medical, Hospital, and Nursing Home Expenses (SB 3120): Amends the Probate Act

of 1975 in provisions determining the classification of claims against the estate of the decedent. Adds provisions to the 4th line of priority that reasonable and necessary medical, hospital, and nursing home expenses for the care of the decedent during the year immediately preceding death of not more than \$800 for each claim.

MAP Grant Recipients (SB 3138): Amends the Freedom of Information Act and the Higher Education Student Assistance Act so that the identity and address of a scholarship, grant, or financial assistance applicant or recipient under the Higher Education Student Assistance Act is exempt from FOIA.

FOIA Mental Health Facility Personal Records (SB 3217): Amends the Freedom of Information Act so that in exemptions, includes records requested of a person committed to a Department of Human Services Division of Mental Health institution or facility. Also, adds FOIA exemption for records requested by persons committed to the Department of Human Services Division of Mental Health if those materials are available in the library of the facility, if those materials include records from staff members' personnel files, staff rosters, or other staffing assignment information, if those materials are available through an administrative request to the Department, if the disclosure would result in the risk of harm to any person or the risk of an escape, if the records contain personal information pertaining to the person's victim or the victim's family, or law enforcement records of other persons

Unclaimed Property Transfer (SB 3229): Changes conditions which unclaimed property is transferred to the Treasurer and amends the Revised Uniform Property Act to lengthen the amount of time that certain types of property must be unclaimed from 3 years to 5 years before they can be presumed abandoned. In addition to, limits the State Treasurer to 5 years after property is reported by the holder.

Sale of IDOT and IDNR properties (SB 3247):

Authorizes the Illinois Department of Transportation and the Illinois Department of Natural Resources to transfer land in Bureau, DeKalb, DuPage, Grundy, Mason, Menard, and Montgomery, Pulaski, and Tazewell counties.

Public park 1,000 foot Penalty Enhancement

(SB 3289): Re-enacts the prohibition on carrying or possessing a firearm on or about his or her person, except as otherwise authorized by law, within 1,000 feet of a public park for those who do not have a concealed carry permit.

Professional Limited Liability Corporation

Registration (SB 3398): Changes registration requirements so that professional limited liability companies, professional service corporations, and medical corporations must renew their registrations with Illinois Department of Financial and Professional Regulation every 3 years instead of annually. Also, places the registration requirements for professional companies with IDFPR in the same act as the registration requirements with the Secretary of State.

Unclaimed Cemetery Trust Funds (SB 3515):

Amends the Illinois Pre-Need Cemetery Sales Act to add that if a trustee believes the contact information for a purchaser is no longer valid or that the purchaser is deceased, the trustee will notify the buyer. Also, an undelivered cemetery merchandise and unperformed cemetery service is presumptively considered abandoned after 3 years.